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26646 7590 12/29/2006 KENYON & KENYON LLP ONE BROADWAY			EXAMINER	
			CHERRY, STEPHEN J	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/528,890	HOFBAUER ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Stephen J. Cherry	2863			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).					
Status					
Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>23 M</u> . This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ This Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under <i>E</i> .	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro				
Disposition of Claims					
4) ☐ Claim(s) 18-35 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) ☐ Claim(s) 34 is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 18-33 and 35 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.					
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on 26 September 2006 is/a Applicant may not request that any objection to the confidence of the c	are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ object drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 					
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da	ate			
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	аценц Аррисаціон			

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 18-31 and 35 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by U.S. Patent Application Publication 2001/0001540 to Okamuro et al.

Regarding claim 18, Okamuro discloses a method for operating a position-measuring device connected to sequential electronics via a communication unit, the position-measuring device including a signal-generating unit configured to generate positional data, comprising:

- (a) transmitting data between the signal-generating unit and the communication unit via an internal interface unit ('540, fig. 1, data from 12 and 14 is transmitted to multiplexer, 16, and par. 50-57);
- (b) transmitting measurement-data request instructions, transmitted from the sequential electronics to the position-measuring device, without further time delay, to the signal-generating unit to immediately generate measurement data, bypassing the internal interfacing unit ('540, fig. 1, output of 24 to sample and hold, 15); and
- (c) transmitting the positional data, generated in accordance with the measurement-data request instructions, from the signal-generating unit to the communication unit via the

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internal interface unit ('540, fig. 1, data transmitted through multiplexer, 16, and A/D, 17 to microcomputer, 18).

Regarding claim 19, and in view of the rejection of claim 18, above, Okamuro discloses a method according to claim 18, wherein the measurement-data request instructions are transmitted in the transmitting step (b) to the signal-generating unit via a separate data channel ('540, fig. 1, output of 24 to sample and hold, 15).

Regarding claim 20, and in view of the rejection of claim 19, above, Okamuro discloses a method according to claim 19, wherein the measurement-data request instructions are transmitted in the transmitting step (b) to the signal-generating unit via a separate connecting line ('540, fig. 1, output of 24 to sample and hold, 15).

Regarding claim 21, and in view of the rejection of claim 18, above, Okamuro discloses a method according to claim 18, further comprising identifying measurement-data request instructions by the communication unit in a data stream transmitted from the sequential electronics ('540, fig. 1, output of 24 is identified by sample and hold, 15).

Regarding claim 22, and in view of the rejection of claim 21, above, Okamuro discloses a method according to claim 21, further comprising separating measurement-data request instructions identified in the identifying step from the data stream sent by the communication unit to the internal interface unit ('540, fig. 1, output of 24 to sample and hold, 15, separated by CPU, 25).

Regarding claim 23, and in view of the rejection of claim 22, above, Okamuro discloses a method according to claim 22, further comprising conditioning the measurement-data request instructions separated in the separating step so that a

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transmission to the signal-generating unit occurs substantially free of delay ('540, output of CPU 25 conditioned by output circuit 24).

Regarding claim 24, and in view of the rejection of claim 18, above, Okamuro discloses a method according to claim 18, further comprising requesting, in addition to the positional data, further measurement data derived from the positional data from the position-measuring device via the measurement-data request instructions ('540, paragraph 50, multi-turn counter information).

Regarding claim 25, Okamuro discloses a position-measuring device, comprising:

a signal-generation unit configured to generate measurement data ('540, fig. 1, ref 12); a communication unit, the position-measuring device connected to sequential electronics via the communication unit ('540, fig. 1, ref. 18); an internal interface unit configured to transmit data between the signal-generation unit and the communication unit ('540, fig. 1, ref. 15, 16, and 17); and a redirection device configured to transmit to the signal-generation unit without further time delay, measurement-data request instructions transmitted from the sequential electronics to the position-measuring device to immediately generate measurement data by bypass of the internal interface unit ('540, fig. 1, data redirected by CPU 25 to sample holding section 15).

Regarding claim 26, and in view of the rejection of claim 25, above, Okamuro discloses a position-measuring device according to claim 25, wherein the redirection

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device includes a separate data channel between the communication unit and the signal-generation unit ('540, fig. 1, output of 24 to sample and hold, 15).

Regarding claim 27, and in view of the rejection of claim 26, above, Okamuro discloses a position-measuring device according to claim 26, wherein the data channel is arranged as a separate connecting line ('540, fig. 1, output of 24 to sample and hold, 15).

Regarding claim 28, and in view of the rejection of claim 25, above, Okamuro discloses a position-measuring device according to claim 25, wherein the redirection device includes a unit configured to identify measurement-data request instructions in a data stream transmitted from the sequential electronics and to separate identified measurement-data request instructions from the data stream ('540, fig. 1, output of 24 to sample and hold, 15, separated by CPU, 25).

Regarding claim 29, and in view of the rejection of claim 25, above, Okamuro discloses a position-measuring device according to claim 25, wherein the communication unit is configured for bidirectional, serial communication between the position-measuring device and the sequential electronics ('540, fig. 1, ref 19 and 20).

Regarding claim 30, and in view of the rejection of claim 25, above, Okamuro discloses a position-measuring device according to claim 25, further comprising a further signal-processing device between the signal-generation unit and the internal interface unit configured to process generated positional data ('540, fig. 1, ref. 16).

Regarding claim 31, and in view of the rejection of claim 25, above, Okamuro discloses a position-measuring device according to claim 25, further comprising:

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an addressing channel configured for data transmission from the internal interface unit to the signal-generation unit ('540, connection of CPU 25 to 24); and a data-transmission channel configured for data transmission from the signal-generation unit to the internal interface unit ('540, connection of data from 14, through 15, 16, 17, 23 to 25).

Regarding claim 35, Okamuro discloses a position-measuring device,

signal-generating means for generating measurement data ('540, fig. 1, ref 12); communicating means, the position-measuring device connected to sequential electronics means via the communicating means ('540, fig. 1, ref. 18); internal interface means for transmitting data between the signal-generating means and the communicating means ('540, fig. 1, ref. 15, 16, and 17); and redirection means for transmitting to the signal-generating means without further time delay measurement-data request instructions transmitted from the sequential electronics means to the position-measuring device to immediately generate measurement data by bypass of the internal interface means ('540, fig. 1, data

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

redirected by CPU 25 to sample holding section 15).

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(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 32 and 33 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over U.S. Patent Application Publication 2001/0001540 to Okamuro et al in view of Horowitz and Hill, page 495.

Regarding claims 32 and 33, Okamuro discloses a position-measuring device, comprising:

a signal-generation unit configured to generate measurement data ('540, fig. 1, ref 12); a communication unit, the position-measuring device connected to sequential electronics via the communication unit ('540, fig. 1, ref. 18);

an internal interface unit configured to transmit data between the signal-generation unit and the communication unit ('540, fig. 1, ref. 15, 16, and 17); and a redirection device configured to transmit to the signal-generation unit without further time delay measurement-data request instructions transmitted from the sequential electronics to the position-measuring device to immediately generate measurement data by bypass of the internal interface unit ('540, fig. 1, data redirected by CPU 25 to sample holding section 15);

an addressing channel configured for data transmission from the internal interface unit to the signal-generation unit ('540, connection of CPU 25 to 24 and 16); and

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a data-transmission channel configured for data transmission from the signal-generation unit to the internal interface unit ('540, connection of data from 14, through 15, 16, 17, 23 to 25).

However, Okamuro does not disclose the details of the clockline to devices including multiplexor.

Further regarding claims 32 and 33, Horowitz and Hill disclose a multiplexor with multiple address lines, serial addressing channel and data channel which operates synchronously with clock signal "E".

Thus, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to implement the invention of Okamuro with the multiplexor and associated circuitry of Horowitz and Hill to allow the transmission of data from multiple sensors with a single CPU input (see "540, fig. 1).

Allowable Subject Matter

Claim 34 is allowed.

The following is an examiner's statement of reasons for allowance:

Claim 34 recites, "wherein the clock signal on the data clockline includes a clock signal on an address clockline of the addressing channel delayed by a signal propagation time in the signal-generation unit". This feature, in combination with the remaining claimed structure avoids the prior art of record.

Any comments considered necessary by applicant must be submitted no later than the payment of the issue fee and, to avoid processing delays, should preferably

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accompany the issue fee. Such submissions should be clearly labeled "Comments on Statement of Reasons for Allowance."

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 9-26-2006 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicants state that Okamuro does not disclose a measurement device without further time delay. "Further" is a relative term; however, there is no recitation in the claim of what the time delay is "further" than. Applicant states that Okamuro discloses a delay provided between the reception of a request and the position measurement, however, no further delay is recited in Okamuro, thereby disclosing the claim limitation.

Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any

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extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Stephen J. Cherry whose telephone number is (571) 272-2272. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8:00-4:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, John Barlow can be reached on (571) 272-2269. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

SJC

JOHN E. BARLOW, JR PRIMARY EXAMINER GROUP 2800